

## Toluol vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 15.06.2021 (1)

Revision: 02.02.2023

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name **Toluol vergällt (Butylacetat)**  
Registration number (REACH) Not relevant (mixture)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Solvent

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

FRIEDRICH SCHARR KG  
Liebknechtstraße 50  
70565 Stuttgart  
Germany

Telephone: +49 711 7868-0  
Telefax: +49 711 7868-489  
e-mail: info@scharr.de  
Website: www.scharr.de

e-mail (competent person) produktsicherheit@scharr.de

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison centre			
Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone
Germany	Giftinformation Freiburg	79106 Freiburg im Breisgau	+49 (0)761 19240

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361d
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373
aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

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The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- signal word danger

- pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08



- hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.  
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

- hazardous ingredients for labelling toluene, n-butyl acetate

### 2.3 Other hazards

of no significance

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures



Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
toluene	CAS No 108-88-3  EC No 203-625-9  Index No 601-021-00-3  REACH Reg. No 01-2119471310-51-	≥ 90	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Repr. 2 / H361d STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT RE 2 / H373 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412	

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
	xxxx			
n-butyl acetate	CAS No 123-86-4  EC No 204-658-1  Index No 607-025-00-1  REACH Reg. No 01-2119485493-29- xxxx	≤ 10	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 STOT SE 3 / H336	 

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

##### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Self-protection of the first aider.

##### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

##### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

##### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

##### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Narcotic effects. Breathing difficulties. Headache. Vertigo.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Subsequent observance for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema. Supervise the blood circulation.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Sand

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

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### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Danger of bursting container.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area. Avoidance of ignition sources.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Provision of sufficient ventilation.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

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### - specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Managing of associated risks

#### - explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

#### - flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

#### - ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### - Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, 3 (flammable and desensitizing explosive liquids) Germany)

#### - packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)								
Country	Name of substance	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Source
AT	toluene	108-88-3	MAK	50	190	100	380	GKV
AT	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	50	241			GKV
CH	toluene	108-88-3	MAK	50	190	200	760	SUVA
CH	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	50	240	150	720	SUVA
DE	toluene	108-88-3	MAK	50	190	100	380	DFG
DE	toluene	108-88-3	AGW	50	190	100	380	TRGS 900
DE	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	100	480	200	960	DFG

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### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of substance	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Source
DE	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	AGW	62	300	124	600	TRGS 900
EU	toluene	108-88-3	IOELV	50	192	100	384	2006/15/EC
EU	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	IOELV	50	241	150	723	2019/1831/EU

#### Notation

STEL

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

### Biological limit values

Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Notation	Identifier	Value	Source
AT	toluene	o-cresol		BGW	0,8 mg/l	VGÜ
AT	toluene	toluene		BGW	250 µg/g	VGÜ
CH	toluene	o-cresol		BAT	0,5 mg/l	SUVA
CH	toluene	toluene		BAT	600 µg/l	SUVA
CH	toluene	toluene		BAT	75 µg/l	SUVA
CH	toluene	hippuric acid	crea	BAT	2 g/g	SUVA
DE	toluene	toluene		BAT	75 µg/l	DFG
DE	toluene	toluene		BLV	75 µg/l	TRGS 903
DE	toluene	toluene		BAT	600 µg/l	DFG
DE	toluene	toluene		BLV	600 µg/l	TRGS 903
DE	toluene	o-cresol	hydr	BAT	1,5 mg/l	DFG
DE	toluene	o-cresol	hydr	BLV	1,5 mg/l	TRGS 903

#### Notation

crea  
hydr

creatinine  
hydrolysis

### Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
toluene	108-88-3	DNEL	192 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
toluene	108-88-3	DNEL	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects

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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
toluene	108-88-3	DNEL	192 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
toluene	108-88-3	DNEL	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
toluene	108-88-3	DNEL	384 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
toluene	108-88-3	PNEC	0,68 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
toluene	108-88-3	PNEC	0,68 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
toluene	108-88-3	PNEC	0,68 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
toluene	108-88-3	PNEC	13,61 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
toluene	108-88-3	PNEC	16,39 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
toluene	108-88-3	PNEC	16,39 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
toluene	108-88-3	PNEC	2,89 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,18 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC		aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,018 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	35,6 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,981 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,0981 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,0903 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,36 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- breakthrough times of the glove material 0,4 mm

- other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	-95 °C at 1.013 hPa



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Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	110 – 111 °C at 1.013 hPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	1,1 vol% - 7,1 vol%
Flash point	4 °C at 1.013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	415 °C
pH (value)	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

## Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapour pressure	29 hPa at 20 °C
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## Density and/or relative density

Density	0,869 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
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Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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**9.2 Other information**

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
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## Other safety characteristics

Solid content	0 %
Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300°C)

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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains re-active substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
toluene	108-88-3	oral	LD50	5.580 mg/kg	rat
toluene	108-88-3	inhalation: vapour	LC50	28,1 mg/l/4h	rat
toluene	108-88-3	dermal	LD50	>5.000 mg/kg	rabbit
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	oral	LD50	10.760 mg/kg	rat

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Acute toxicity of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	dermal	LD50	>14.112 mg/kg	rabbit

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV): WGK 3, highly hazardous to water (Germany)

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
toluene	108-88-3	LC50	5,5 mg/l	fish	96 h
toluene	108-88-3	EC50	84 mg/l	microorganisms	24 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	LC50	18 mg/l	fish	96 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	EC50	18 mg/l	fish	96 h

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### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	ErC50	335 mg/l	algae	24 h

### Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
toluene	108-88-3	LC50	3,78 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	2 d
toluene	108-88-3	EC50	3,23 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	7 d
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	EC50	34,2 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	LC50	43,5 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

### Biodegradation

Data are not available.

### Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
toluene	108-88-3	oxygen depletion	81 %	5 d	ASTM D 1252-67	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	oxygen depletion	80 %	5 d		ECHA

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
toluene	108-88-3	90	2,73 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4		2,3 (pH value: ~7, 25 °C)	

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

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**12.7 Other adverse effects**

Data are not available.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

**Relevant provisions relating to waste**

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

**Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

**SECTION 14: Transport information****14.1 UN number or ID number**

ADR/RID/ADN	UN 1993
IMDG-Code	UN 1993
ICAO-TI	UN 1993

**14.2 UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID/ADN	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
IMDG-Code	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
ICAO-TI	Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
Technical name (Hazardous ingredients)	toluene, n-butyl acetate

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID/ADN	3
IMDG-Code	3
ICAO-TI	3

**14.4 Packing group**

ADR/RID/ADN	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II

**14.5 Environmental hazards**

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

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### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

##### **Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - additional information**

Particulars in the transport document	special provision 640D
Classification code	F1
Danger label(s)	3



Special provisions (SP)	274, 601, 640D
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
Transport category (TC)	2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E
Hazard identification No	33

##### **International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information**

Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	3



Special provisions (SP)	274
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Stowage category	B

##### **International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information**

Danger label(s)	3
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Special provisions (SP)	A3
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L

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Replaces version of: 15.06.2021 (1)

Revision: 02.02.2023

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

##### Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

##### Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)		
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	Restriction
Toluol vergällt (Butylacetat)	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC	R3
n-butyl acetate	flammable / pyrophoric	R40
toluene	toluene	R48
toluene	flammable / pyrophoric	R40
toluene	substances in tattoo inks and permanent make-up	R75

##### Legend

R3

- Shall not be used in:
  - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
  - tricks and jokes,
  - games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
- Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
- Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:
  - can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and
  - present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
- Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
- Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
  - lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage";
  - grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';
  - lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.;

R40

- Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
  - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
  - artificial snow and frost,
  - 'whoopie' cushions,
  - silly string aerosols,
  - imitation excrement,
  - horns for parties,
  - decorative flakes and foams,
  - artificial cobwebs,
  - stink bombs.
- Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:
  - 'For professional users only'.
- By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
- The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

R48

- Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the general public.

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### Legend

R75

1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:

- (a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category 1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;
- (b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;
- (c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitizer category 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;
- (d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:
  - (i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator;
  - (ii) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;
- (e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (\*1), the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;
- (f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g (Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight:
  - (i) "Rinse-off products";
  - (ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";
  - (iii) "Not to be used in eye products";
- (g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column;
- (h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.

2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of making a mark or design on his or her body.

3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:

- (a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);
- (b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).

5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.

6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.

7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:

- (a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";
- (b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;
- (c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Impurities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;
- (d) the additional statement "pH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;
- (e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;
- (f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;
- (g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible.

The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.

Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.



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Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this paragraph.

8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV) / SVHC - candidate list

none of the ingredients are listed

### Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5.000 50.000	51)

### Notation

51) flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

### Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
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### Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

none of the ingredients are listed

### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

Pollutant release and transfer registers (PRTR)			
Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Threshold for releases to air (kg/year)
toluene	108-88-3	(11)	

### Legend

(11) Single pollutants are to be reported if the threshold for BTEX (the sum parameter of benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, xylenes) is exceeded

### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)			
Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
toluene		a)	

### Legend

A) Indicative list of the main pollutants

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### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients are listed.

### National regulations (Austria)

Ordinance on combustible liquids (VbF)

- VbF (group and hazard class) AI (combustible liquids of group A, hazard class I)

### National regulations (Germany)

**Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV)**

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK 3 highly hazardous to water  
(water hazard class)

### Technical instructions on air quality control (Germany)

Number	Group of substances	Class	Conc.	Mass flow	Mass concentration	Notation
5.2.5	organic substances	class I	≥ 25 wt%	0,1 kg/h	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3)
5.2.5	organic substances		5 – < 10 wt%	0,5 kg/h	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3)

Notation

3) a total mass flow of 0.50 kg/h or a total mass concentration of 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, each of which to be indicated as total carbon, shall not be exceeded (except organic particulate matter)

### National regulations Switzerland

### Ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds (VOCV)

VOC content (object of taxation): 100 %

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed

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Country	Inventory	Status
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed as "ACTIVE"

### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHA-ENCS	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)
3.2		Description of the mixture: change in the listing (table)
8.1		Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits): change in the listing (table)
8.1		Biological limit values: change in the listing (table)
8.2		Breakthrough times of the glove material: 0,4 mm
8.2	Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.	Respiratory protection: [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).
12.1	Toxicity: Acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV): WGK 2, obviously hazardous to water (Germany)	Toxicity: Acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV): WGK 3, highly hazardous to water (Germany)
12.6	Endocrine disrupting properties: Information on this property is not available.	Endocrine disrupting properties: None of the ingredients are listed.
15.1	Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK (water hazard class): 2 obviously hazardous to water	Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK (water hazard class): 3 highly hazardous to water

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### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
2019/1831/EU	Commission Directive establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ADR/RID/ADN	Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)
AGW	Workplace exposure limit
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DFG	Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste, Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
GKV	Grenzwerteverordnung
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
SUVA	Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz, Suva
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)
TRGS 900	Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte (TRGS 900)
TRGS 903	Biologische Grenzwerte (TRGS 903)
TWA	Time-weighted average
VbF	Ordinance on combustible liquids (Austria)
VGÜ	Verordnung über die Gesundheitsüberwachung am Arbeitsplatz (VGÜ)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

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**Key literature references and sources for data**

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

**Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)**

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.