

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Registration number (REACH)

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Industrial use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

FRIEDRICH SCHARR KG Liebknechtstraße 50 70565 Stuttgart Germany

Telephone: +49 711 7868-0 Telefax: +49 711 7868-489 e-mail: info@scharr.de Website: www.scharr.de

e-mail (competent person) produktsicherheit@scharr.de (Produktsicherheit)

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +49 711 7868-237

This number is only available during the follow-

ing office hours: Mon-Fri 07:00 - 17:00

Poisor	n centre
	I CCITCIC

Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone
Germany	Giftinformation Freiburg	79106 Freiburg im Bre- isgau	+49 (0)761 19240

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

Germany: en Page: 1 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- signal word danger

- pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08, GHS09







#### - hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### - precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

- supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- hazardous ingredients for labelling Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cyc-

loalkane, <2% aromatic, n-butyl acetate

#### 2.3 Other hazards

of no significance

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	CAS No 64742-82-1 EC No 927-344-2 REACH Reg. No 01-2119463586-28- xxxx	≥90	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	

Germany: en Page: 2 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
n-butyl acetate	CAS No 123-86-4 EC No 204-658-1 REACH Reg. No 01-2119485493-29- xxxx	5-<10	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 STOT SE 3 / H336	

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Self-protection of the first aider.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Narcotic effects. Breathing difficulties. Headache. Vertigo.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Subsequent observance for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema. Supervise the blood circulation.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Danger of bursting container.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Germany: en Page: 3 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Germany: en Page: 4 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- specific designs for storage rooms or vessels
- Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, 3 (flammable and desensitizing explosive liquids) Germany)
- packaging compatibilities
   Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Source
AT	Hydrocar- bons, C9- C10, n-al- kane, isoalkane, cyc- loalkane, <2% aro- matic		MAK	20		40 (30 min)		GKV
AT	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	100	480			GKV
СН	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	100	480	200	960	SUVA
DE	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	100	480	200	960	DFG
DE	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	AGW	62	300	124	600	TRGS 900
EU	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	IOELV	50	241	150	723	2019/1831/EU

Notation

**TWA** 

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Germany: en Page: 5 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cyc- loalkane, <2% aro- matic	64742-82-1	DNEL	330 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cyc- loalkane, <2% aro- matic	64742-82-1	DNEL	570 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cyc- loalkane, <2% aro- matic	64742-82-1	DNEL	21 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

#### Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Nelevane Prezesto Componento di tre mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,18 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC		aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,018 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	35,6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,981 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,0981 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,0903 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,36 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	water	intermittent re- lease

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Germany: en Page: 6 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

#### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

#### - hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### - other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	clear
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	-87 °C at 1 atm
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	126,2 °C at 1.013 hPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	0,6 vol% - 7 vol%
Flash point	27 °C at 1.013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	>200 °C
pH (value)	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

#### Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Germany: en Page: 7 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

Vapour pressure	10,15 hPa at 18,49 °C
Density and/or relative density	
Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available
Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
Other safety characteristics	
Solid content	0 %

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)

#### 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

ment: 200°C)

T3 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equip-

#### If heated:

Risk of ignition

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Germany: en Page: 8 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

#### Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	dermal	LD50	3.400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	oral	LD50	>15.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	>13,1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub> /4h	rat
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	oral	LD50	10.760 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	dermal	LD50	>14.112 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Germany: en Page: 9 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

Other information

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV): WGK 2, obviously hazardous to water (Germany)

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	LL50	30 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	EL50	22 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	ErC50	0,94 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	EC50	0,53 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	LC50	18 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	EC50	18 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	ErC50	335 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	24 h

#### Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	EL50	1,19 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Hydrocarbons, C9- C10, n-alkane, isoalkane, cycloalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	EC50	0,328 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	EC50	34,2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	LC50	43,5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

Germany: en Page: 10 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

Biodegradation

Data are not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-al- kane, isoalkane, cyc- loalkane, <2% aromatic	64742-82-1	oxygen deple- tion	13,8 %	4 d		ECHA
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	oxygen deple- tion	80 %	5 d		ECHA

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4		2,3 (pH value: ~7, 25 °C)	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Germany: en Page: 11 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR/RID/ADN UN 1993 IMDG-Code UN 1993 ICAO-TI UN 1993

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. IMDG-Code FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. ICAO-TI Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical name (Hazardous ingredients) Kohlenwasserstoffe, C9-C10, n-Alkane, Isoalkane,

Cyclene, Aromaten (2-25%), n-butyl acetate

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN 3
IMDG-Code 3
ICAO-TI 3

#### 14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III

#### **14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment)

Kohlenwasserstoffe, C9-C10, n-Alkane, Isoalkane, Cyclene, Aromaten (2-25%)

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

# Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - additional information

Classification code F1

Danger label(s) 3, fish and tree



Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 274, 601 Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Germany: en Page: 12 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
Transport category (TC) 3
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 30

#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment) (Kohlenwasserstoffe,

C9-C10, n-Alkane, Isoalkane, Cyclene, Aromaten (2-25%))

Danger label(s) 3, fish and tree

Special provisions (SP) 223, 274, 955

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Stowage category A

#### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

A3

E1

10 L

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### **VOC Deco-Paint Directive 2004/42/EC**

VOC content	100 %
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#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	100 %

#### **National regulations (Austria)**

Ordinance on combustible liquids (VbF)

- VbF (group and hazard class)

AII (combustible liquids of group A, hazard class II)

#### **National regulations (Germany)**

# Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV)

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK (water hazard class)

2 obviously hazardous to water

Germany: en Page: 13 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## **Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)**

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

#### **National regulations Switzerland**

#### Ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds (VOCV)

VOC content (object of taxation): 100 %

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
	*
2019/1831/EU	Commission Directive establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ADR/RID/ADN	European Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)
AGW	Workplace exposure limit
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DFG	Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste, Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid

Germany: en Page: 14 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# **Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)**

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations			
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations			
GKV	Grenzwerteverordnung			
IATA	International Air Transport Association			
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)			
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization			
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air			
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code			
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code			
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008			
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value			
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval			
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval			
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality			
log KOW	n-Octanol/water			
NLP	No-Longer Polymer			
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic			
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration			
ppm	Parts per million			
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals			
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)			
STEL	Short-term exposure limit			
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure			
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure			
SUVA	Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz, Suva			
TRGS	Technische Regeln für GefahrStoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)			
TRGS 900	Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte (TRGS 900)			
TWA	Time-weighted average			
VbF	Ordinance on combustible liquids (Austria)			
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds			
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative			

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Germany: en Page: 15 / 16



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Testbenzin 135/175 vergällt (Butylacetat)

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 15.06.2021

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Germany: en Page: 16 / 16