

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	<b>Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA</b>
Registration number (REACH)	Not relevant (mixture)
Unique formula identifier (UFI)	FG70-60TM-Y000-D2Q6

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Solvent
--------------------------	---------

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

FRIEDRICH SCHARR KG  
Liebknechtstraße 50  
70565 Stuttgart  
Germany

Telephone: +49 711 7868-0  
Telefax: +49 711 7868-489  
e-mail: info@scharr.de  
Website: www.scharr.de

e-mail (competent person) produktsicherheit@scharr.de

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison centre			
Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone
Germany	Giftinformation Freiburg	79106 Freiburg im Breisgau	+49 (0)761 19240

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

**Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA**Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

**2.2 Label elements**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- signal word                      danger

- pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08,  
GHS09



- hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

- supplemental hazard information

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
--------	-------------------------------------------------------

- hazardous ingredients for labelling

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., n-butyl acetate

**2.3 Other hazards**

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.1 Substances**

Not relevant (mixture)







**3.2 Mixtures**

Description of the mixture

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	CAS No 64742-95-6  EC No 918-668-5  Index No 649-356-00-4  REACH Reg. No 01-2119455851-35-xxxx	≥ 90	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	   
n-butyl acetate	CAS No 123-86-4  EC No 204-658-1  Index No 607-025-00-1  REACH Reg. No 01-2119485493-29-xxxx	5 – < 10	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 STOT SE 3 / H336	 

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

##### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Self-protection of the first aider.

##### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

##### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

##### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

##### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Narcotic effects. Breathing difficulties. Headache. Vertigo.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Subsequent observance for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema. Supervise the blood circulation.

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Danger of bursting container.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area. Avoidance of ignition sources.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

##### Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

##### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

##### Managing of associated risks

- explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, 3 (flammable and desensitizing explosive liquids) Germany)

- packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)								
Country	Name of substance	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Source
AT	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		MAK	20		40 (30 min)		GKV

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of substance	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Source
AT	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	50	241			GKV
CH	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	50	240	150	720	SUVA
DE	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		AGW		50		100	TRGS 900
DE	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	MAK	100	480	200	960	DFG
DE	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	AGW	62	300	124	600	TRGS 900
EU	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	IOELV	50	241	150	723	2019/1831/EU

#### Notation

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)  
TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours  
time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

### Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	DNEL	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	DNEL	25 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	DNEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

Relevant PNECs of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,18 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC		aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,018 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	35,6 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,981 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,0981 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,0903 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PNEC	0,36 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- type of material

NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber, FKM: fluoro-elastomer

- material thickness

> 0,35 mm

- breakthrough times of the glove material

0,4 mm

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

- protective gloves - splash protection

Type of material NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber  
FKM: fluoro-elastomer

- other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA**Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

**Respiratory protection**

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141). Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C, colour code: Brown).

**Environmental exposure controls**

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	<-100 °C at 1 atm
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	126,2 °C at 1.013 hPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	1,4 vol% - 7,6 vol%
Flash point	27 °C at 1.013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	>400 °C
pH (value)	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

**Partition coefficient**

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
---------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

Vapour pressure	10,15 hPa at 18,49 °C
-----------------	-----------------------

**Density and/or relative density**

Density	0,87 – 0,88 kg/l at 20 °C
---------	---------------------------

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
--------------------------	-----------------------



**Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA**Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

**9.2 Other information**

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
Other safety characteristics	
Solid content	0 %
Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300°C)

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

**10.2 Chemical stability**

See below "Conditions to avoid".

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Oxidisers

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)**

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful in contact with skin.

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

Acute toxicity of components					
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	oral	LD50	>5.000 mg/kg	rat
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	dermal	LD50	>3.160 mg/kg	rabbit
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	oral	LD50	10.760 mg/kg	rat
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	dermal	LD50	>14.112 mg/kg	rabbit

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Other information

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV): WGK 2, obviously hazardous to water (Germany)

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	LL50	9,2 mg/l	fish	96 h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	EL50	3,2 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	ErC50	0,42 mg/l	algae	72 h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	EC50	0,29 mg/l	algae	72 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	LC50	18 mg/l	fish	96 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	EC50	18 mg/l	fish	96 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	ErC50	335 mg/l	algae	24 h

### Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	EL50	10 mg/l	fish	21 d
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	EC50	>99 mg/l	microorganisms	10 min
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	EC50	34,2 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	LC50	43,5 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

### Biodegradation

Data are not available.

### Degradability of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	carbon dioxide generation	54 – 56 %	28 d		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	oxygen depletion	30,9 %	2 d		ECHA
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	oxygen depletion	80 %	5 d		ECHA

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

Bioaccumulative potential of components				
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	≥39,8 – ≤177,8	3,7 – 4,5	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4		2,3 (pH value: ~7, 25 °C)	

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR/RID/ADN	UN 1993
IMDG-Code	UN 1993
ICAO-TI	UN 1993

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
IMDG-Code	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
ICAO-TI	Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA



Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024



Technical name (Hazardous ingredients)	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., n-butyl acetate
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
ADR/RID/ADN	3
IMDG-Code	3
ICAO-TI	3
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	
ADR/RID/ADN	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	hazardous to the aquatic environment
Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment)	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	
Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.	
<b>14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments</b>	
The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	

### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - additional information

Classification code	F1
Danger label(s)	3, fish and tree
 	
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Special provisions (SP)	274, 601
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L
Transport category (TC)	3
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E
Hazard identification No	30


#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information

Marine pollutant	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
Danger label(s)	3, fish and tree
 	
Special provisions (SP)	223, 274, 955
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Stowage category	A
<b>International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information</b>	
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	3
	
Special provisions (SP)	A3
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	10 L

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

##### Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

##### Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
n-butyl acetate	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40

##### Legend

- R3
- Shall not be used in:
    - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
    - tricks and jokes,
    - games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
  - Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
  - Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:
    - can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and
    - present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
  - Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
  - Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
    - lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage";
    - grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';
    - lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.;

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

### Legend

R40

1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
  - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
  - artificial snow and frost,
  - 'whoopie' cushions,
  - silly string aerosols,
  - imitation excrement,
  - horns for parties,
  - decorative flakes and foams,
  - artificial cobwebs,
  - stink bombs.
2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:  
'For professional users only'.
3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV) / SVHC - candidate list

none of the ingredients are listed

### Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
E2	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 2)	200                      500	57)

### Notation

57) hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Chronic 2

### Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
-------------	-------

### Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

none of the ingredients are listed

### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

none of the ingredients are listed

### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)			
Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		a)	

### Legend

a) Indicative list of the main pollutants

### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

none of the ingredients are listed

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

### National regulations (Germany)

#### Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV)

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK 2 obviously hazardous to water  
(water hazard class)

### Technical instructions on air quality control (Germany)

Number	Group of substances	Class	Conc.	Mass flow	Mass concentration	Notation
5.2.5	organic substances		5 – < 10 wt%	0,5 kg/h	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3)

#### Notation

3) a total mass flow of 0.50 kg/h or a total mass concentration of 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, each of which to be indicated as total carbon, shall not be exceeded (except organic particulate matter)

### National regulations Switzerland

#### Ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds (VOCV)

VOC content (object of taxation): 100 %

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

#### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHA-ENCS	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances



## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

### Legend

TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory  
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)
1.1	Trade name: Solvent Naphtha leicht vergällt (Butylacetat)	Trade name: Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2019/1831/EU	Commission Directive establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ADR/RID/ADN	Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)
AGW	Workplace exposure limit
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DFG	Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste, Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
GKV	Grenzwerteverordnung
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
SUVA	Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz, Suva
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)
TRGS 900	Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte (TRGS 900)

## Solvent Naphtha (leicht) verg. 6 % BA

Version number: 4.0  
Replaces version of: 22.12.2023 (3)

Revision: 11.01.2024

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.