

**Spezialbenzin 60/95**Version number: 3.0  
Replaces version of: 17.02.2021 (2)

Revision: 31.10.2023

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifier**

Identification of the substance	<b>Spezialbenzin 60/95</b>
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119486291-36-xxxx
EC number	926-605-8

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses	Solvents
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**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

FRIEDRICH SCHARR KG  
Liebknechtstraße 50  
70565 Stuttgart  
Germany

Telephone: +49 711 7868-0  
Telefax: +49 711 7868-489  
e-mail: info@scharr.de  
Website: www.scharr.de

e-mail (competent person)	produktsicherheit@scharr.de
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**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Poison centre			
Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone
Germany	Giftinformation Freiburg	79106 Freiburg im Breisgau	+49 (0)761 19240

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

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### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- signal word danger

- pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08,  
GHS09



- hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.  
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

- supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cycloalkanes,  
<5% n-hexane

Identifiers

REACH Reg. No 01-2119486291-36-xxxx

EC No 926-605-8

Impurities and additives, classification acc. to GHS				
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
n-hexane	CAS No 110-54-3  EC No 203-777-6  REACH Reg. No 01- 2119480412-	< 3	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Repr. 2 / H361f STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT RE 2 / H373 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	

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Impurities and additives, classification acc. to GHS				
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
	44-xxxx			

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

## General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Self-protection of the first aider.

## Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

## Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

## Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

## Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Narcotic effects. Breathing difficulties. Headache. Vertigo.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Subsequent observance for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema. Supervise the blood circulation.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

## Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Sand

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Danger of bursting container.

## Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

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### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area. Avoidance of ignition sources.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Provision of sufficient ventilation.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, 3 (flammable and desensitizing explosive liquids) Germany)

- packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)								
Coun-try	Name of sub-stance	CAS No	Identifi-er	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m <sup>3</sup> ]	Source
AT	n-hexane	110-54-3	MAK	20	72	80	288	GKV
CH	n-hexane	110-54-3	MAK	50	180	400	1.440	SUVA
DE	n-hexane	110-54-3	MAK	50	180	400	1.440	DFG
DE	n-hexane	110-54-3	AGW	50	180	400	1.440	TRGS 900
DE	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cycloalkanes, <5% n-hexane	64742-49-0	AGW		700		1.400	
EU	n-hexane	110-54-3	IOELV	20	72			2006/15/EC

Notation

STEL

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours  
time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

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### Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	5.306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	13.964 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant DNELs of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
n-hexane	110-54-3	DNEL	75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
n-hexane	110-54-3	DNEL	11 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

##### - hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

##### - type of material

PE: polyethylene, CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber, IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber

##### - material thickness

> 0,35 mm

##### - breakthrough times of the glove material

0,4 mm

>120 minutes (permeation: level 4)

##### - other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Respiratory protection

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141).

### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	<-20 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	60 – 98 °C at 1.013 hPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	1,1 vol% - 7,4 vol%
Flash point	<0 °C at 1.013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	>200 °C at 101,3 kPa
pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	0,55 mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 20 °C

#### Solubility(ies)

Water solubility	0,014 g/l at 25 °C
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#### Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	3,6 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)
Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	≥2,5 – ≤3,16

Vapour pressure	10,31 kPa at 20 °C
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#### Density and/or relative density

Density	0,675 – 0,69 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 15 °C
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Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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**9.2 Other information**

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
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Other safety characteristics

Surface tension	23,2 mN/m (25 °C)
Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T3 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 200°C)

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". It's a reactive substance. The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

**10.2 Chemical stability**

See below "Conditions to avoid".

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Oxidisers

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008****Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)**

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful in contact with skin.



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Acute toxicity			
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
oral	LD50	16.760 mg/kg	rat
dermal	LD50	3.350 mg/kg	rat
inhalation: vapour	LC50	269.354 mg/l/4h	rat

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Other information

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV): WGK 2, hazardous to water (Germany)

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Aquatic toxicity (acute)			
Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
LL50	12 mg/l	fish	96 h
EL50	17,06 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
n-hexane	110-54-3	LL50	12,51 mg/l	fish	96 h
n-hexane	110-54-3	EL50	21,85 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable. The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable. Data are not available.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	83 %	10 d

Degradability of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
n-hexane	110-54-3	oxygen depletion	83 %	10 d		ECHA

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	3,6 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)
BCF	≥35,8 – ≤552 (ECHA)

Bioaccumulative potential of components				
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
n-hexane	110-54-3	501,2	4 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	

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**12.4 Mobility in soil**

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient

≥2,5 – ≤3,16 (ECHA)

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Information on this property is not available.

**12.7 Other adverse effects**

Data are not available.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagegings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagegings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

**Relevant provisions relating to waste**

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

**Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

**SECTION 14: Transport information****14.1 UN number or ID number**

ADR/RID/ADN

UN 3295

IMDG-Code

UN 3295

ICAO-TI

UN 3295

**14.2 UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID/ADN

HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

IMDG-Code

HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI

Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID/ADN

3

IMDG-Code

3

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ICAO-TI	3
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	
ADR/RID/ADN	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	hazardous to the aquatic environment
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	
Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.	
<b>14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments</b>	
The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	

**Information for each of the UN Model Regulations**

**Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - additional information**

Classification code	F1
Danger label(s)	3, fish and tree
 	
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Special provisions (SP)	640D
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
Transport category (TC)	2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E
Hazard identification No	33

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information**

Marine pollutant	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	3, fish and tree
 	
Special provisions (SP)	-
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
EmS	F-E, S-D
Stowage category	B

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**International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information**

Environmental hazards YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) A3

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)**

**Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII**

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cycloalkanes, <5% n-hexane	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cycloalkanes, <5% n-hexane	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40

**Legend**

- R3
- Shall not be used in:
    - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
    - tricks and jokes,
    - games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
  - Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
  - Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:
    - can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and
    - present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
  - Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
  - Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
    - lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage";
    - grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';
    - lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.;

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- R40
1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
    - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
    - artificial snow and frost,
    - 'whoopie' cushions,
    - silly string aerosols,
    - imitation excrement,
    - horns for parties,
    - decorative flakes and foams,
    - artificial cobwebs,
    - stink bombs.
  2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: 'For professional users only'.
  3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
  4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

### Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
E2	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 2)	200                      500	57)

### Notation

57) hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Chronic 2

### Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
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### Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

### National regulations (Austria)

Ordinance on combustible liquids (VbF)

- VbF (group and hazard class)                      AI (combustible liquids of group A, hazard class I)

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### National regulations (Germany)

#### Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV)

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK 2 hazardous to water  
(water hazard class)

Index number 9145

### Technical instructions on air quality control (Germany)

Number	Group of substances	Class	Conc.	Mass flow	Mass concentration	Notation
5.2.5	organic substances		≥ 25 wt%	0,5 kg/h	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3)

#### Notation

3) a total mass flow of 0.50 kg/h or a total mass concentration of 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, each of which to be indicated as total carbon, shall not be exceeded (except organic particulate matter)

### National regulations Switzerland

#### Ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds (VOCV)

VOC content (object of taxation): 100 %  
2710.1291 (petroleum ether and petroleum spirits)

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
VN	NCI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)

#### Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals  
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation  
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)  
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)  
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China  
INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances  
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory  
NCI National Chemical Inventory  
NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

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### Legend

PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)
3.1		Impurities and additives, classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)
3.1		Impurities and additives, classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)
8.1		Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits): change in the listing (table)
8.2	Type of material: NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber	Type of material: PE: polyethylene, CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber, IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber
8.2	Material thickness: 0,4 mm	Material thickness: > 0,35 mm
8.2	Breakthrough times of the glove material: >240 minutes (permeation: level 5)	Breakthrough times of the glove material: 0,4 mm >120 minutes (permeation: level 4)
8.2	Protective gloves Splash protection	
8.2	Type of material: nitrile	
8.2	Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.	Respiratory protection: [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141).
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Data are not available.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.
14.2	Technical name: Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5 % n-hexane	
15.1	Index number: 120	Index number: 9145



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### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ADR/RID/ADN	Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)
AGW	Workplace exposure limit
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DFG	Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste, Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
GKV	Grenzwerteverordnung
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

# Safety Data Sheet

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH),  
amended by 2020/878/EU

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
SUVA	Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz, Suva
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)
TRGS 900	Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte (TRGS 900)
TWA	Time-weighted average
VbF	Ordinance on combustible liquids (Austria)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.