

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name **Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan**  
Registration number (REACH) Not relevant (mixture)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Industrial uses  
Solvents  
Uses advised against Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household).

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

FRIEDRICH SCHARR KG  
Liebknechtstraße 50  
70565 Stuttgart  
Germany

Telephone: +49 711 7868-0  
Telefax: +49 711 7868-489  
e-mail: info@scharr.de  
Website: www.scharr.de

e-mail (competent person) produktsicherheit@scharr.de (Produktsicherheit)

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +49 711 7868-237  
This number is only available during the following office hours: Mon-Fri 07:00 - 17:00

Poison centre			
Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone
Germany	Giftinformation Freiburg	79106 Freiburg im Breisgau	+49 (0)761 19240

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- signal word danger

- pictograms

GHS02, GHS07



- hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

- precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

### 2.3 Other hazards

of no significance

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Ethanol 642	CAS No 64-17-5  EC No 200-578-6  REACH Reg. No 01-2119457610-43- xxxx	≥ 90	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	
cyclohexane	CAS No 110-82-7  EC No 203-806-2  REACH Reg. No 01-2119463273-41- xxxx	1 – < 5	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	

Name of substance	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Ethanol 642	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 50 %	-	-	

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

##### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Self-protection of the first aider.

##### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

##### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

##### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

##### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. Headache. Vertigo.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Subsequent observance for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema. Supervise the blood circulation.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Sand

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Danger of bursting container.

##### Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

- flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

- Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, 3 (flammable and desensitizing explosive liquids) Germany)

- packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)								
Country	Name of substance	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Source
AT	cyclohexane	110-82-7	MAK	200	700	800	2.800	GKV
AT	Ethanol 642	64-17-5	MAK	1.000	1.900			GKV
CH	cyclohexane	110-82-7	MAK	200	700	800	2.800	SUVA
CH	Ethanol 642	64-17-5	MAK	500	960	1.000	1.920	SUVA
DE	cyclohexane	110-82-7	AGW	200	700	800	2.800	TRGS 900
DE	Ethanol 642	64-17-5	MAK	200	380	800	1.520	DFG
DE	Ethanol 642	64-17-5	AGW	200	380	800	1.520	TRGS 900
EU	cyclohexane	110-82-7	IOELV	200	700			2006/15/EC

Notation

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

Biological limit values						
Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Notation	Identifier	Value	Source
CH	cyclohexane	1,2-cyclohexanediol	crea	BAT	150 mg/g	SUVA
DE	cyclohexane	1,2-cyclohexanediol	hydr, crea	BAT	150 mg/g	DFG
DE	cyclohexane	1,2-cyclohexanediol	hydr, crea	BLV	150 mg/g	TRGS 903

Notation

crea creatinine  
hydr hydrolysis

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	DNEL	1.900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	DNEL	343 mg/kg	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	DNEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
cyclohexane	110-82-7	DNEL	700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
cyclohexane	110-82-7	DNEL	1.400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
cyclohexane	110-82-7	DNEL	700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
cyclohexane	110-82-7	DNEL	1.400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
cyclohexane	110-82-7	DNEL	2.016 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	PNEC	0,96 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	PNEC	0,79 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	PNEC	580 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	PNEC	3,6 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	PNEC	0,63 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	PNEC	2,75 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
cyclohexane	110-82-7	PNEC	0,207 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
cyclohexane	110-82-7	PNEC	44,7 µg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
cyclohexane	110-82-7	PNEC	4,47 µg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
cyclohexane	110-82-7	PNEC	3,24 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
cyclohexane	110-82-7	PNEC	3,6 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
cyclohexane	110-82-7	PNEC	0,36 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
cyclohexane	110-82-7	PNEC	0,694 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

##### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

##### Skin protection

##### - hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

##### - type of material

IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber, FKM: fluoro-elastomer

##### - material thickness

FKM 0,35 mm IRR 0,7 mm

##### - breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

##### - other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

##### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

##### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

**Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan**Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	-97,8 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	64,7 °C at 1.013 hPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	2,5 vol% - 13,5 vol%
Flash point	9,7 °C at 1.013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	455 °C at 1.013 hPa
pH (value)	7 (in aqueous solution: 10 g/l, 20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	0,7503 mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 25 °C

**Solubility(ies)**

Water solubility	≥1.000 g/l at 20 °C
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**Partition coefficient**

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	-0,77
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Vapour pressure	169,3 hPa at 25 °C
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**Density and/or relative density**

Density	786,4 kg/m <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C
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Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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**9.2 Other information**

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
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**Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan**Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

## Other safety characteristics

Surface tension	72,75 mN/m (20 °C)
Solid content	0 %
Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T1 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 450°C)

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains re-active substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

**10.2 Chemical stability**

See below "Conditions to avoid".

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Oxidisers

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)**

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful in contact with skin.

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

Acute toxicity			
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
oral	LD50	10.470 mg/kg	rat
inhalation: vapour	LC50	124,7 mg/l/4h	rat

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.  
Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV): WGK 1, slightly hazardous to water (Germany)

Aquatic toxicity (acute)			
Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
LC50	15.400 mg/l	fish	96 h
EC50	12.700 mg/l	fish	96 h
ErC50	22.000 mg/l	algae	96 h

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	LC50	15.400 mg/l	fish	96 h
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	EC50	12.700 mg/l	fish	96 h
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	ErC50	22.000 mg/l	algae	96 h
cyclohexane	110-82-7	LC50	4,53 mg/l	fish	96 h
cyclohexane	110-82-7	EL50	2,331 mg/l	fish	72 h
cyclohexane	110-82-7	EC50	0,9 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
cyclohexane	110-82-7	ErC50	9,317 mg/l	algae	72 h
cyclohexane	110-82-7	LL50	35,61 mg/l	microorganisms	72 h

### Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
LC50	1.806 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	10 d
ErC50	675 mg/l	algae	4 d

### Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	LC50	1.806 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	10 d
Ethanol 642	64-17-5	ErC50	675 mg/l	algae	4 d

### Biodegradation

Data are not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

### Process of degradability

Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	69 %	5 d

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

**Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan**

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

**12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

None of the ingredients are listed.

**12.7 Other adverse effects**

Data are not available.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

**Relevant provisions relating to waste**

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

**Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

**SECTION 14: Transport information****14.1 UN number or ID number**

ADR/RID/ADN	UN 1170
IMDG-Code	UN 1170
ICAO-TI	UN 1170

**14.2 UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID/ADN	ETHANOL
IMDG-Code	ETHANOL
ICAO-TI	Ethanol

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID/ADN	3
IMDG-Code	3
ICAO-TI	3

**14.4 Packing group**

ADR/RID/ADN	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II

**14.5 Environmental hazards**

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

##### **Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - additional information**

Classification code	F1
Danger label(s)	3



Special provisions (SP)	144, 601
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
Transport category (TC)	2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E
Hazard identification No	33

##### **International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information**

Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	3



Special provisions (SP)	144
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
EmS	F-E, S-D
Stowage category	A

##### **International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information**

Danger label(s)	3
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Special provisions (SP)	A3, A58, A180
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

##### Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

##### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV) / SVHC - candidate list

none of the ingredients are listed

##### Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5.000 50.000	51)

Notation

51) flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

##### VOC Deco-Paint Directive 2004/42/EC

VOC content	100 %
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##### Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
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##### Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

none of the ingredients are listed

##### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

none of the ingredients are listed

##### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

none of the ingredients are listed

##### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients are listed.

##### National regulations (Austria)

Ordinance on combustible liquids (VbF)

- VbF (group and hazard class) AI (combustible liquids of group A, hazard class I)

##### National regulations (Germany)

##### Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV)

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK 1 slightly hazardous to water  
(water hazard class)

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

### Technical instructions on air quality control (Germany)

Number	Group of substances	Class	Conc.	Mass flow	Mass concentration	Notation
5.2.5	organic substances		≥ 25 wt%	0,5 kg/h	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3)

#### Notation

3) a total mass flow of 0.50 kg/h or a total mass concentration of 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, each of which to be indicated as total carbon, shall not be exceeded (except organic particulate matter)

### National regulations Switzerland

#### Ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds (VOCV)

VOC content (object of taxation). 100 %.

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

#### Legend

AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)
8.2	Type of material: FKM: fluoro-elastomer	Type of material: IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber, FKM: fluoro-elastomer
8.2	Material thickness: 0,35 mm	Material thickness: FKM 0,35 mm IRR 0,7 mm
11.1	Acute toxicity: Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.	Acute toxicity: Shall not be classified as acutely toxic. GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful in contact with skin.
12.6	Endocrine disrupting properties: Information on this property is not available.	Endocrine disrupting properties: None of the ingredients are listed.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ADR/RID/ADN	Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)
AGW	Workplace exposure limit
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DFG	Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste, Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms



## Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
GKV	Grenzwerteverordnung
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
SUVA	Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz, Suva
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)

**Ethanol vergällt mit 2 % Cyclohexan**

Version number: 2.0  
Replaces version of: 11.05.2021 (1)

Revision: 10.08.2021

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
TRGS 900	Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte (TRGS 900)
TRGS 903	Biologische Grenzwerte (TRGS 903)
TWA	Time-weighted average
VbF	Ordinance on combustible liquids (Austria)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

**Key literature references and sources for data**

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

**Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)**

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.