

**Methanol**Version number: 6.0  
Replaces version of: 02.12.2022 (5)

Revision: 20.02.2024

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifier**

Identification of the substance	<b>Methanol</b>
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119433307-44-xxxx
EC number	200-659-6
Index number in CLP Annex VI	603-001-00-X
CAS number	67-56-1

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses	Industrial use
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**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**FRIEDRICH SCHARR KG  
Liebknechtstraße 50  
70565 Stuttgart  
GermanyTelephone: +49 711 7868-0  
Telefax: +49 711 7868-489  
e-mail: info@scharr.de  
Website: www.scharr.de

e-mail (competent person) produktsicherheit@scharr.de

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Poison centre			
Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone
Germany	Giftinformation Freiburg	79106 Freiburg im Breisgau	+49 (0)761 19240

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H311
acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	1	STOT SE 1	H370

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

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### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- signal word danger

- pictograms

GHS02, GHS06, GHS08



- hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
H370 Causes damage to organs.

- precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/....  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.  
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Methanol

Identifiers

REACH Reg. No 01-2119433307-44-xxxx

EC No 200-659-6

CAS No 67-56-1

Index No 603-001-00-X

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
STOT SE 1; H370: C $\geq 10\%$ STOT SE 2; H371: 3 % $\leq$ C < 10 %	-	100 mg/kg 300 mg/kg >3 mg/l/4h	oral dermal inhalation: vapour

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### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

##### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Self-protection of the first aider.

##### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

##### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

##### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

##### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. Headache. Vertigo.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Subsequent observance for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema. Supervise the blood circulation.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Sand

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Danger of bursting container.

##### Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area. Avoidance of ignition sources.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, 3 (flammable and desensitizing explosive liquids) Germany)

- packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of substance	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Source
AT	Methanol	67-56-1	MAK	200	260	800	1.040	GKV
CH	Methanol	67-56-1	MAK	200	260	400	520	SUVA
DE	Methanol	67-56-1	MAK	100	130	200	260	DFG
DE	Methanol	67-56-1	AGW	100	130	200	260	TRGS 900
EU	Methanol	67-56-1	IOELV	200	260			2006/15/EC

Notation

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)  
TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours  
time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Biological limit values

Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Notation	Identifier	Value	Source
CH	methanol	methanol		BAT	30 mg/l	SUVA
DE	methanol	methanol		BAT	15 mg/l	DFG
DE	methanol	methanol		BLV	15 mg/l	TRGS 903

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### Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects

### Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels				
End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
PNEC	1.540 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
PNEC	20,8 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	2,08 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	100 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	77 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	7,7 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	100 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

##### - hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

##### - type of material

PE: polyethylene, CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber, IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber

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- material thickness > 0,35 mm
- breakthrough times of the glove material 0,4 mm  
>120 minutes (permeation: level 4)
- other protection measures  
Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Respiratory protection

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141). Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).

### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	-97,8 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	64,7 °C at 1.013 hPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	6 vol% - 50 vol%
Flash point	9,7 °C at 1.013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	455 °C at 1.013 hPa
pH (value)	not determined

### Solubility(ies)

Water solubility	≥1.000 g/l at 20 °C
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### Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	-0,77
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Vapour pressure	169,3 hPa at 25 °C
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## Density and/or relative density

Density	0,79 – 0,8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
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Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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**9.2 Other information**

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
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## Other safety characteristics

Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T1 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 450°C)
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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". It's a reactive substance. The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

**10.2 Chemical stability**

See below "Conditions to avoid".

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Oxidisers

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.



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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

##### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

##### Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

##### - acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral 100 mg/kg  
Dermal 300 mg/kg  
Inhalation: vapour >3 mg/l/4h

Acute toxicity			
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
oral	LD50	2.769 mg/kg	rat
dermal	LD50	17.100 mg/kg	rabbit
inhalation: vapour	LC50	128,2 mg/l/4h	rat

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

##### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

##### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

##### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

##### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

##### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

##### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

##### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

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### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.  
Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV): WGK 2, hazardous to water (Germany)

Aquatic toxicity (acute)			
Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
LC50	15.400 mg/l	fish	96 h
EC50	12.700 mg/l	fish	96 h
ErC50	22.000 mg/l	algae	96 h

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

##### Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable. The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable. Data are not available.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	69 %	5 d

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-0,77
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#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

##### Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

##### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

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**Waste treatment of containers/packagings**

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

**Relevant provisions relating to waste**

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

**Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

**SECTION 14: Transport information****14.1 UN number or ID number**

ADR/RID/ADN	UN 1230
IMDG-Code	UN 1230
ICAO-TI	UN 1230

**14.2 UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID/ADN	METHANOL
IMDG-Code	METHANOL
ICAO-TI	Methanol

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID/ADN	3 (6.1)
IMDG-Code	3 (6.1)
ICAO-TI	3 (6.1)

**14.4 Packing group**

ADR/RID/ADN	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II

**14.5 Environmental hazards**

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.



**Information for each of the UN Model Regulations**

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### Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - additional information

Classification code	FT1
Danger label(s)	3+6.1
 	
Special provisions (SP)	279, 802(ADN)
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
Transport category (TC)	2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E
Hazard identification No	336

### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information

Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	3+6.1



Special provisions (SP)	279
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
EmS	F-E, S-D
Stowage category	B

### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information

Danger label(s)	3+6.1
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Special provisions (SP)	A113
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**  
**Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)**  
**Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII**

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Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Methanol	methanol	67-56-1	R69	69
Methanol	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
Methanol	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40

### Legend

- R3**
- Shall not be used in:
    - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
    - tricks and jokes,
    - games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
  - Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
  - Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:
    - can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and
    - present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
  - Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
  - Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
    - lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage";
    - grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';
    - lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.;
- R40**
- Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
    - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
    - artificial snow and frost,
    - 'whoopie' cushions,
    - silly string aerosols,
    - imitation excrement,
    - horns for parties,
    - decorative flakes and foams,
    - artificial cobwebs,
    - stink bombs.
  - Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: 'For professional users only'.
  - By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
  - The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.
- R69**
- Shall not be placed on the market to the general public after 9 May 2019 in windscreen washing or defrosting fluids, in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,6 % by weight.

### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

### Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
22	methanol	500 5.000	

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### Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
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### Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

### National regulations (Germany)

#### Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (Ordinance on facilities for handling substances hazardous to water) (AwSV)

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK 2 hazardous to water  
(water hazard class)

Index number 145

### Technical instructions on air quality control (Germany)

Number	Group of substances	Class	Conc.	Mass flow	Mass concentration	Notation
5.2.5	organic substances	class I	≥ 25 wt%	0,1 kg/h	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3)

#### Notation

3) a total mass flow of 0.50 kg/h or a total mass concentration of 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, each of which to be indicated as total carbon, shall not be exceeded (except organic particulate matter)

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed

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Country	Inventory	Status
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$ .
3.1		Index No: change in the listing (table)
8.2	Respiratory protection: [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).	Respiratory protection: [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. Combination filtering device (EN 141). Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).
11.1		- acute toxicity estimate (ATE): change in the listing (table)
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Data are not available.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6	Endocrine disrupting properties: Not listed.	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$ .

### Abbreviations and acronyms

## Methanol

Version number: 6.0  
Replaces version of: 02.12.2022 (5)

Revision: 20.02.2024

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ADR/RID/ADN	Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)
AGW	Workplace exposure limit
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DFG	Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste, Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
GKV	Grenzwerteverordnung
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value



## Methanol

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
SUVA	Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz, Suva
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)
TRGS 900	Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte (TRGS 900)
TRGS 903	Biologische Grenzwerte (TRGS 903)
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.